

Cour d'appel fédérale

Date: 20110221

Docket: A-68-10

Citation: 2011 FCA 65

CORAM: NOËL J.A.

TRUDEL J.A. MAINVILLE J.A.

BETWEEN:

LES PÉTROLES DUPONT INC.

Appellant

and

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

Respondent

Heard at Montréal, Quebec, on February 21, 2011.

Judgment delivered from the Bench at Montréal, Quebec, on February 21, 2011.

REASONS FOR JUDGMENT OF THE COURT BY:

MAINVILLE J.A.

Federal Court of Appeal



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<u>REASONS FOR JUDGMENT OF THE COURT</u> (Delivered from the Bench at Montréal, Quebec, on February 21, 2011)

MAINVILLE J.A.

This is an appeal from the judgment of Lemieux J. cited as 2010 FC 72 which dismissed the appellant's action pursuant to section 81.28 of the *Excise Tax Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. E-15 challenging the decision of the Minister of National Revenue to deny it a refund in the amount of \$544,777.41 representing the excise tax which it collected and remitted on the sale and delivery to its customers of diesel fuel for the 2003 year. The dismissal also extended to the joined actions which Lemieux J. listed in appendix A to his judgement.

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[2] We are all of the view that the appeal should be dismissed, principally for the reasons ably

set out by Beaudry J. in W.O. Stinson & Son Ltd. v. Canada (Minister of National Revenue), 2005

FC 1427, 281 F.T.R. 307 and which were fully adopted by Lemieux J. in his reasons for judgment.

[3] Counsel for the appellant however made additional arguments which were not before

Beaudry J., namely that the excise tax in issue is a single incidence tax and that diversion of heating

oil into diesel oil for excise tax purposes cannot be effected by the appellant.

[4] On the single incidence argument, we agree with Lemieux J. at paragraph 29 of his reasons

that the evidence in this case is that the tax was only charged once. Concerning the diversion

argument, we are all of the view that subsection 23(9.1) of the Excise Tax Act contemplates the

situation where a distributor has acquired heating oil exempt from tax and changes the status of the

product from tax exempt to taxable in order to sell to an end purchaser who wishes to acquire diesel

fuel.

[5] We therefore see no reason to interfere with the judgment of Lemieux J.

[6] The appeal will consequently be dismissed with costs against the appellant.

"Robert M. Mainville"

J.A.

FEDERAL COURT OF APPEAL

NAMES OF COUNSEL AND SOLICITORS OF RECORD

DOCKET: A-68-10

STYLE OF CAUSE: LES PÉTROLES DUPONT INC.

v. HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

PLACE OF HEARING: Montréal, Quebec

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DELIVERED FROM THE BENCH BY:MAINVILLE J.A.

APPEARANCES:

Michael Kaylor FOR THE APPELLANT

Jacques Savary FOR THE RESPONDENT

SOLICITORS OF RECORD:

Lapointe Rosenstein Marchand Melançon FOR THE APPELLANT

Montréal, Quebec

Myles J. Kirvan FOR THE RESPONDENT

Deputy Attorney General of Canada